

GCSE

Computing

Unit A451: Computer systems and programming

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Mark Scheme for June 2014

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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These are the annotations, (including abbreviations), including those used in scoris, which are used when marking

| Annotation | Meaning |
|------------|--|
| BP | Blank Page – this annotation must be used on all blank pages within an answer booklet (structured or unstructured) and on each page of an additional object where there is no candidate response. |
| | Omission mark |
| BOD | Benefit of doubt |
| E | Subordinate clause/Consequential error |
| × | Cross |
| E | Expansion of a point |
| FT | Follow through |
| NAQ | Not answered question |
| NBOD | Benefit of doubt not given |
| Р | Point being made |
| REP | Repeat |
| 1 | Slash |
| V | Tick |
| TV | Too vague |
| 0 | Zero (big) |

Here are the subject specific instructions for this question paper

ADDITIONAL OBJECTS: You **must** annotate the additional objects for each script you mark. If no credit is to be awarded for the additional object, please use annotation as agreed at the SSU, likely to be 'seen' or the highlighting tool.

CROSSED OUT, RUBRIC ERROR (OPTIONAL QUESTIONS) AND MULTIPLE RESPONSES

Crossed-out Responses: Where a candidate has crossed out a response and provided a clear alternative then the crossed out response is not marked. Where no alternative response has been provided, examiners may give candidates the benefit of the doubt and mark the crossed out response where legible.

Multiple Choice Question Responses: When a multiple choice question has only a single, correct response and a candidate provides two responses (even if one of these responses is correct), then no mark should be awarded (as it is not possible to determine which was the first response selected by the candidate). This applies especially where candidates need to, for example, tick one box per row. When a question requires candidates to select more than one option/multiple options, then local marking arrangements need to ensure consistency of approach.

Contradictory Responses: When a candidate provides contradictory responses, then no mark should be awarded, even if one of the answers is correct.

Short Answer Questions (requiring only a list by way of a response, usually worth only **one mark per response**): Where candidates are required to provide a set number of short answer responses then only the set number of responses should be marked. The response space should be marked from left to right on each line and then line by line until the required number of responses have been considered. The remaining responses should not then be marked. Examiners will have to apply judgement as to whether a 'second response' on a line is a development of the 'first response', rather than a separate, discrete response. *(The underlying assumption is that the candidate is attempting to hedge their bets and therefore getting undue benefit rather than engaging with the question and giving the most relevant/correct responses.)*

Short Answer Questions (requiring a more developed response, worth **two or more marks**): If the candidates are required to provide a description of, say, three items or factors and four items or factors are provided, then mark on a similar basis – that is downwards (as it is unlikely in this situation that a candidate will provide more than one response in each section of the response space.)

Longer Answer Questions (requiring a developed response): Where candidates have provided two (or more) responses to a medium or high tariff question which only required a single (developed) response and not crossed out the first response, then only the first response should be marked. Examiners will need to apply professional judgement as to whether the second (or a subsequent) response is a 'new start' or simply a poorly expressed continuation of the first response.

| C | Question | | Answer | Mark | Guidance |
|---|----------|--|---|------|---|
| 1 | а | | Computers are <u>connected to each other</u> Restricted to a small geographical area/site/other suitable example <u>Dedicated</u> wired or WiFi connections | 2 | For the first bullet point candidates should be describing a network – just the idea that computers are connected to "something" is not enough. For the third bullet point, just "connected by cables" is not enough as there is no indication these are dedicated cables for the network. |
| | b | | One central hub/switch/router/server/connection point All computers/devices connected to this central point | 2 | Accept diagram which shows the points in the mark scheme. Note that if the diagram is not annotated or described one mark can still be given for the second bullet point. |
| | С | | bus ring | 2 | Accept other standard names of topologies that are not on the specification: line, linear (only as an alternative for bus) tree/hierarchical, mesh hybrid loop(only as an alternative to ring |
| 2 | а | | • 1GB | 1 | Accept 1.024 The units are not necessary |
| | b | | Operating system Other programs that are running / in current use Data in current use | 2 | Accept examples for the second and third bullet points as long as it is clear that the programs/data are currently in use Accept instructions for programs |
| | С | | Using the hard disk/secondary storage Used as RAM/to store the contents of RAM/main memory Needed when there isn't enough physical memory | 3 | Note that these points may be worded differently. E.g. "items are taken from memory and stored on the hard disk until needed" achieves the first two bullet points. |

| C | Questio | Answer | Mark | Guidance |
|---|---------|---|------|--|
| 3 | а | Answer: 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 One mark per nibble | 2 | |
| | b | There is an extra carry/bit As number cannot fit into 8 bits Result is greater than 255/11111111 | 2 | |
| 4 | а | Hypertext Markup Language | 1 | |
| | b | Contains text/content to be displayed and links to other resources / files / images etc and instructions about how they should be displayed / layout In a standard format (that can be understood by web browsers) | 2 | |
| | С | JPG files: imagesMPEG files: videos | 2 | |
| 5 | a | Input device: e.g. (touch screen, menu/next/prev page) buttons / keypad / touchpad / microphone Output device: e.g. screen, speaker | 2 | Accept any devices relevant to an e-book reader. For input device accept a clear description of an inbuilt scrolling device such as a trackball, but do not accept "mouse". Also do not accept a clear indication of a software keyboard as this is a piece of software rather than a device. For output device, accept "monitor" |
| | b | Solid state | 1 | |

Mark Scheme

| Q | Question | | Answer | | | Guidance |
|---|----------|------|--------------|--|---|---|
| | | ii • | | Fast access less delays when turning the device on/ turning pages etc | 2 | No follow through from (i). Candidates need to identify a relevant characteristic of solid state storage for the first mark, and expand by explaining why this is an advantage in an e-book reader for the second mark. |
| | | | • | No moveable parts/robust can be handled/manipulated/moved without damaging it | | Note that portable/capacity are not acceptable answers here (as solid state storage is not particularly more portable/larger than other forms of storage for this application) |
| | | | • | Small/light enough to fit within a hand held device | | |
| | | | • | low power to extend battery life of reader | | |
| | С | i | eg • • | Cheap to produce Easily portable / Fits in a magazine Enough capacity for e-books Can be read by other devices e.g. computers Read only / can't write over | 2 | Note that portable/capacity are acceptable answers here (as they are relevant characteristics of a CD ROM) Do not accept "compact" (unless portability is clearly implied) |
| | | ii | • | optical | 1 | |
| | d | İ | • | Source code not made available/ Only compiled code is published Licence restricts the copying/modifying/distribution of the software | 2 | The mention of a licence is not sufficient. Candidate should state that the licence restricts copying/modifying/distributing. "closed source" is not enough because it just gives an alternative term for "proprietary" without a description of what we mean by "closed" |

| Question | | on | Answer | | | | | Mark | Guidance |
|----------|----|----|--|--|--|--|--------------------------|------|---|
| | ii | | eg Stops competing (or hardware/ebc and producing Ensures compati as they can en been made (mark points in pairs). | compa ooks) similar bility (w isure th | nies copyi /better pro vith the e-b at no mod | ng their s ducts. ook reac ifications | software ler) have | 2 | The first mark is for identifying a relevant advantage <i>to the</i> <i>manufacturer</i> , and the second for details expanding this point. Accept answers about preventing reverse engineering the company's product or piracy of the company's software or e- books (e.g. DRM) as referring to the first set of answers. |
| 6 | а | | | | | | | | 1 mark per row |
| | | | Item of data | Date | Integer | Real | String | | |
| | | | The amount paid | | | | | | |
| | | | The customer's card number | | | Text | | | |
| | | | The date of the payment | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

| | | Answer | Marks | Guidan | ICe |
|---|---|---|-------|---------|--|
| | | | | Content | Levels of response |
| 6 | b | Points may include: Need to be always available shops and customers want to process payments quickly, if it goes down, there will be delays/customers lost etc Need to always process payments accurately shops want to be confident that they will receive the payment customers do not want to be overcharged Need to be able to trust the security of the system that fraudulent purchases cannot be made that customers' personal details cannot be stolen/to prevent identity theft | 6 | | High Level Response(5/6): A detailed description of the need for reliability with a number of fully justified points. There will be few if any errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation. Technical terms will be used appropriately and correctly. Medium Level Response (3/4); Some reasons why reliability is needed are explained, but some explanations may not be detailed. There may be occasional errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation. Technical terms will be mainly correct. Low level response (1/2): One or more reasons why reliability is needed are identified, but there is little or no explanation. Information will be poorly expressed and there will be a limited, if any, use of technical terms. Errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling may be intrusive. O : Answer not worthy of credit |

| Question | | Answer | | | | | Mark | Guidance |
|----------|--|--|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------|--|
| 7 | | | | | 4 | No follow through on row 4. | | |
| | | | Α | b | NOT(a AND b) | | | |
| | | | 0 | 0 | 1 | | | |
| | | | 0 | 1 | 1 | | | |
| | | | 1 | 0 | 1 | | | |
| | | | 1 | 1 | 0 | | | |
| | | 1 mark for r correctly ide correct outp | ow two an entifying 1 out 0) | d three. F 1 as the i | for row 4, 1 mar nputs, and 1 ma | k for ark for the | | |
| 8 | | System information : displays important data about the current state of the computer e.g. temperature, free memory, network speed, % processor used Diagnosis: attempts to detect/resolve items that are not working correctly e.g. missing drivers, network connection | | | | | 4 | 1 mark each for explaining "system information" and "diagnosis" + 1 mark for each example – accept relevant examples, but not examples related to virus/malware for diagnosis. Examples should be specific examples of the use of these utilities rather than general descriptions. |

| ince |
|--|
| es write the least significant ation (i.e. 01000110) as long the place values) |
| es write the least significant ation (i.e. 01111100) as long the place values) |
| |
| he whole line of code; y know where the constant is. ble which does not change" is e by definition variables give a contradictory answer |
| |
| esult of the comparison |
| esult of the comparison t the loop is executed once |
| es t th |

Mark Scheme

| C | Question | | Answer | Mark | Guidance | | |
|----|----------|--|---|------|---|--|--|
| 11 | а | | A (persistent) organised store of data | | Accept answers that imply that the data is organised – e.g. data stored in tables/records | | |
| | b | | A (persistent) organised store of data data structure does not depend on the application / no data dependence Multiple platforms/ applications can operate on the same data ensures no redundancy/inconsistency (between applications) Different views of the same data can easily be prepared for different users according to their need. Any application can be changed if needed without changing the data structure / reduces unproductive maintenance | | Do not accept answers that refer to protecting the data from being accidentally deleted / different levels of PERMISSIONS for different users / data integrity But DO accept answers that refer to different users viewing different/user appropriate data (bullet 4) | | |

| Q | Question | | Answer | Mark | Guidance |
|---|----------|--|---|------|---|
| | c | | Queries Select attendance for all students of a particular tutor group each week so the tutor can see who has missed lessons Select weekly attendance of a particular student for a term So the school can see if his/her attendance is improving (1 mark for a correct point + 1 mark for expansion) | 4 | Do not accept answers which explain what is meant by a query or validation rule. The question requires candidates to explain one example of how they can be used in this application, not what they are. Award one mark for a correct example and an expansion mark for detail/justification of this use. Remember to award a mark out of 4 for both parts of the question. |
| | | | Validation rules eg Range check / only allow a range of marks (e.g. Present, Absent, Late) When teachers are calling the register and inputting the marks Presence check on required fields(such as name, class etc.) When a pupil is added to the register (1 mark for a correct point + 1 mark for expansion) | | |

| Question | Answer | Marks | | Guidance |
|----------|--|-------|---------|---|
| 12 | | | Content | Levels of response |
| | Example: Choice = "" REPEAT INPUT Button IF Button is between 0 and 9 THEN Choice = Choice & Button OUTPUT Choice ELSE IF Button = CANCEL THEN Choice = "" END IF UNTIL Button = OK IF Choice is between 1 and 20 THEN IF drink chosen available THEN Dispense drink OUTPUT "Collect your drink" ELSE OUTPUT "Drink not available" END IF ELSE OUTPUT "Invalid selection" END IF Wait OUTPUT "Ready" | | Content | Levels of responseHigh Level Response(5/6):A clear and complete algorithm with correct input, validation and reasonable output/outcome (accept minor errors).Algorithm presented in algorithm in code, pseudocode or as a flowchart with correct conventions used to make it clear (e.g. indentation, shapes of flow chart objects). Technical terms are used correctly and there are few, if any, errors in spelling.Medium Level Response (3/4): An algorithm that deals with input, validation and reasonable output/outcome but there may be some logical errors. Algorithm may be in code, pseudocode, flowchart, or very well structured English (e.g. clear builleted steps) using some accepted conventions, although this may not be consistent. Technical terms are mainly correct and there may be occasional spelling errors.Low level response (1/2): A description of the Input, validation and output required, but some may be missing. Response may be in English or a poorly structured code/flowchart. Limited, if any, use of technical terms and errors of spelling may be intrusive. |
| | | | | 0: Response not worthy of credit |

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