

The background image shows a modern school building with large windows and a grey stone facade. To the left is a parking lot with several cars parked. The sky is overcast with grey clouds. The text is overlaid in the center of the image.

# Now and Next Event Year 11 February 2023

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# Now and Next

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Introduction

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Exams and the process

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Wellbeing and support

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Study support

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English revision

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Maths revision

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Science revision

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Careers & next steps

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Summary

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Parent/carers Survey



# Exams and the process

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Mr Gourlay



# Examinations

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- Exams start Monday 15<sup>th</sup> May
- Morning exams are at 9am
- Afternoon exams are 1.00pm (unless otherwise stated)
  - AM exam – Arrive by 8:30am
  - PM Exam – Arrive by 12:30pm
- Breakfast from 8.00am - 8.30am
- May holidays



Examination Booklet for  
Students and Parents / Carers  
2023

Centre Number 27141

[exams@corbytechnicalschool.org](mailto:exams@corbytechnicalschool.org)

You are required to read this document and the JCQ regulations carefully before sitting any examinations and retain it for future reference.

# Food and Drink

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- It is important that you have eaten well and are hydrated before going into an exam.
- Exam students can purchase breakfast from 8.00am - 8.30am
- Exam students will have their lunch slightly earlier than scheduled to ensure ample time to prepare.
- May Holidays
  - A light breakfast and lunch will be served at 8am/12pm respectively when exams take place in the holidays. There will be no charge for this during the May holiday.

# If something happens...

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- Please do not worry.
- Call the school to make us aware of your situation.
- If you arrive within 1 hour of the exam start time, you will be able to sit your exam and there is no requirement to make the exam board aware.
- If you are more than an hour late, please contact the school. You can still sit the exam and we would need to make the exam board aware. They will make a decision as to whether they will accept the paper.



# Entering your Exam

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- **Empty your pockets**
  - If students are found with any pieces of paper (regardless of content), you may be disqualified for exam malpractice.
- **Ensure you have the correct stationary**
  - If students are using a pencil case, it must be made of clear plastic
- **Bring a bottle of water**
  - It must be clear with the sticker removed and no larger than 500ml
- **Wear your uniform**
  - School uniform must be worn when sitting an exam. This includes exams taking place in the May holidays.
  - *Students are not required to wear your uniform if using the school to revise or attending a scheduled revision session.*

# Digital Devices

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- You must not enter the exam hall with any type of digital device.
- This includes:
  - Mobile Phones
  - Headphones
  - Wireless Earbuds (such as AirPods)
  - Any type of wristwatch
    - It is more difficult to differentiate between a traditional watch and a smartwatch. You are not allowed to wear any watches on your wrists.
    - Digital clocks are displayed around the exam hall.



# Student Communication

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- If a student has not arrived 15 minutes before an exam is due to start, the school will attempt to make contact.
- In the first instance we will make contact with parents.
- We will be collecting student's personal phone numbers shortly before the exam period. Where contact cannot be made with parents/guardians, we will contact the student directly.
- Student contact details will be held securely and will only be accessible to senior leaders with responsibility for exams.

# Timetable Clash

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- There will be some instances where students have two exams scheduled at the same time.
- All exams need to be sat on the scheduled day.
- An alternative schedule will be communicated shortly to students and parents.
- Students will remain with an invigilator between exams to ensure exam integrity is maintained.

# Questions

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# Well-being guidance

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Miss James



# School and home working together

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- First few exams are the most difficult
- (staff are always there before the students go into the exam and we also wait outside at the end of the exam-for support)
- Students settle after their first exam and often feel much better
- Subject leaders are available to wish their students good luck etc at the beginning of the exam and at the end.
- Invigilators-helpful and experienced members of staff who warm and welcoming before the exams, during the exams and after

# Being positive

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- 'Can do' attitude
- If adults worry, the children worry and are less productive and more anxious
- Give positive reinforcement
- Help with organising exam schedule,



# Keeping Active

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- Encourage them to keep active on a daily basis.
- Plan and do active things together as it will reduce anxiety
- Go out for fresh air
- Help make a study schedule for evenings and weekends.





# Unplugging

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- Phones
- Work out a schedule with your child
- Use phone time as a reward



# Study Support

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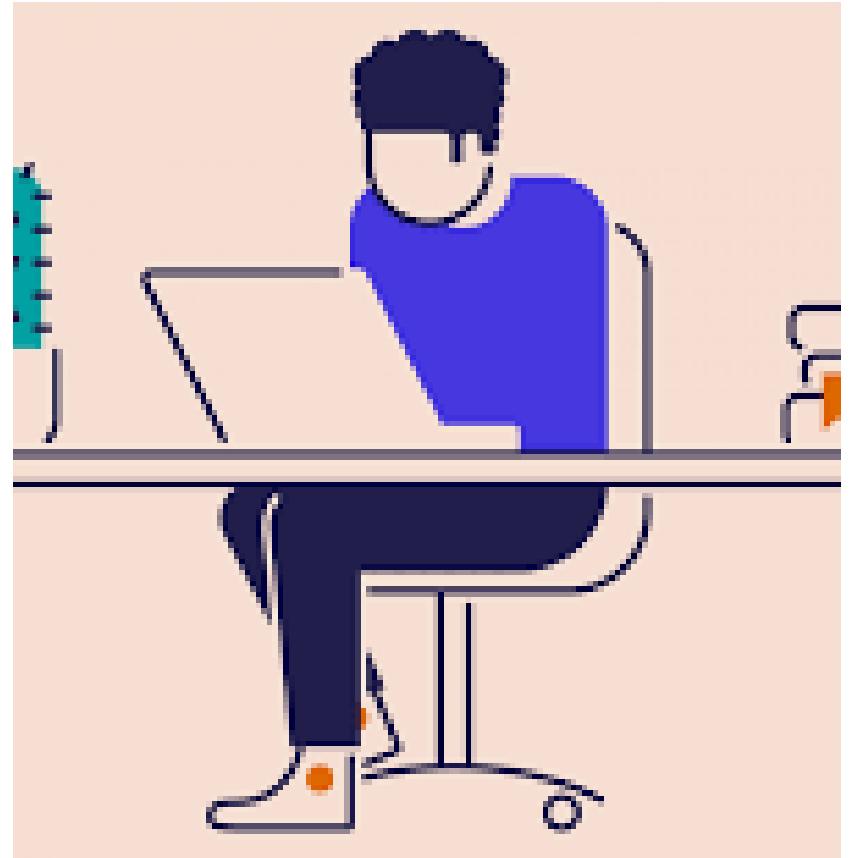
Mr Foreman

STUDY

# Environment

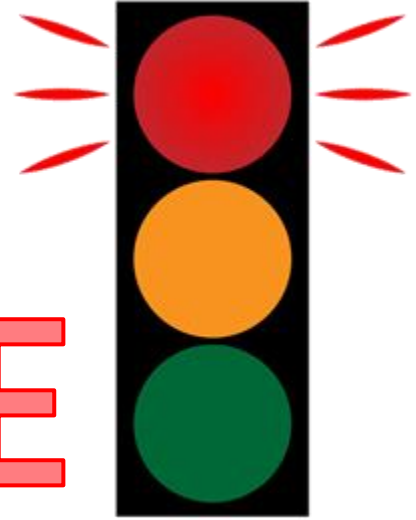
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- Create a relaxing environment for you child
- Help them plan out coping strategies to deal with stress
- Stay calm
- Give them positive reinforcement
- Show and remind them how proud you are of them.



"I'm going to do some revision...."

=VAGUE



When your brain thinks that you are about to do something that's vague and ambiguous it will often start to come up with reasons why you shouldn't do it....

BE SPECIFIC

The background is a close-up, slightly blurred image of a spiral-bound notebook. On the left, a portion of a spiral binding is visible. The notebook's pages show a calendar with days of the week and times. A pink circular sticker with the text "BELIEVE YOU CAN & YOU'RE ALREADY HALFWAY THERE" is on the left page. A red "STICKY" note is on the right page. The text "HOW?" is written in large, bold, blue capital letters on the left side of the notebook.

# HOW?

## 1. How am I going to revise/work?

Here you have to be specific about the how (what strategy you are going to use) and also what you are going to revise. This means identifying specifically the topics you are going to cover.

# TIME?

## 2. How long am I going to revise/work for?

Be very clear about the time. If you are doing active revision this shouldn't be any longer than two hours. Remember to build in short 5 minute breaks every 25 minutes.

# TEST!

## 3. How will I know if I've made progress?

How are you going to test yourself? If you just sit passively reading your notes you will have no idea if you have made any progress, so you'll need to test yourself in some way.

# Revision

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25 mins, 5 mins Break  
Repeat

2 mins – Identify what you need to revise (e.g., Origins of the Cold War)


3 mins – Watch GCSE POD on this topic.

5 mins – Read over notes on the events between 1945 – 48.

5 mins – Independent practice/planning/Flash card. Mix it up a bit rather than just copying.

10 mins – Exam question on the origins of the Cold War.

# Revision Plan

	 <b>Weekday Revision Plan</b>			Term 3	Week 7
	Monday 17 <sup>th</sup> February	Tuesday 18 <sup>th</sup> February	Wednesday 19 <sup>th</sup> February	Thursday 20 <sup>th</sup> February	Friday 21 <sup>st</sup> February
Before School	Subject:	Subject:	Subject:	Subject:	Subject:
	Topic:	Topic:	Topic:	Topic:	Topic:
	How?	How?	How?	How?	How?
	Test?	Test?	Test?	Test?	Test?
Tutor Time	Subject:	Subject:	Subject:	Subject:	Subject:
	Topic:	Topic:	Topic:	Topic:	Topic:
	How?	How?	How?	How?	How?
	Test?	Test?	Test?	Test?	Test?
Session 6	Subject:	Subject:	Subject:	Subject:	Subject:
	Topic:	Topic:	Topic:	Topic:	Topic:
	How?	How?	How?	How?	How?
	Test?	Test?	Test?	Test?	Test?
Evening	Subject:	Subject:	Subject:	Subject:	Subject:
	Topic:	Topic:	Topic:	Topic:	Topic:
	How?	How?	How?	How?	How?
	Test?	Test?	Test?	Test?	Test?



# Top Tips

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- **The early bird** – plan and the earlier you start revising, the less you have to do in each block of revision.
- **Be realistic** – You might like to get it all done in 5 minutes, but this is not going to happen! Working 24 hours a day will not help either. Make sure your plan is manageable in the real world.
- **Testing times** – do not just input, check what you know, you can do this with friends, family on your own. Testing is a great way of counteracting those nerves by confirming what you know and filling in the gaps. Use past exam papers
- **Get to bed early before your exams**



- 
- ✓ Pupils will be given Personal learning Checklist, that personalise their learning in Term 4
- 
- ✓ Mentoring – Data driven
- 
- ✓ Revision session during March/May holiday, as part of those two weeks of exams
- 
- ✓ Subject Conferences in Term 4
- 
- ✓ Use of your PSHE/RSCS lessons for walking talking mocks
- 
- ✓ Use the study support sessions both before and after school
- 
- ✓ Study support timetable is on the school website
- 
- ✓ Morning session is 8.00am – 8.30am, after school 4 – 5pm
- 
- ✓ Tutor time will be used for subject specialist activities
- 

**There are 39 school days left before your exams start!**

## • March Holidays

Week 1				
Monday 6th March	Tuesday 7th March	Wednesday 8th March	Thursday 9th March	Friday 10th March
Art Revision	Art Revision	Food	Geography	Creative I media
A102	A102	A002	Library	A103
Exam Work Portfolio	Exam Work Portfolio	Coursework completion	Paper 1	Coursework
Mrs Morgan	Mrs Morgan	Mrs Firmin	Mr Hallas	Mr Gourley
All Art Students	All Art Students	Selected Food Students	All Geography Students	Selected Creative I Media Students.
10am - 2pm	10am - 2pm	9am - 3pm	10am - 2pm	10am - 2pm
Sociology	History Revision	Science	Media	
C001	Library	Library	A103	
Walking talking Mock Exam	America and Cold War	Walking talking Mock	Coursework	
Mrs Brown	Mr. Foreman	Mrs Gill	Mrs Morris	
All Sociology Students	All History Students	Selected Students	All Media Students	
10am - 2pm	10am - 2pm	1pm – 3pm	10am - 2pm	

	Term 4 Week 2			
SUBJECT	Day	START TIME	DURATION	LOCATION
Biology/Combined Science	Monday	9.10am	1H 45m/1H 10m	Sports Hall
Maths Paper 2	Monday	1.10pm	1h 30m	Sports Hall
Chemistry/Combined Science	Tuesday	9.00am	1H 45m/1H 10m	Sports Hall
Physics/Combined Science	Tuesday	2.10pm	1H 45m/1H 10m	Sports Hall
Maths Paper 3	Wednesday	1.10pm	1h 30m	Sports Hall

### Term 4 Assessments

- Art Exam on Tuesday 2nd May and Wednesday 3rd May.
- From the 18th April Spanish Speaking exams will be taking place.
- Deadlines for Food, DT, Sport Science at the end of this week.
- Deadline for Engineering is soon.

# Satchel one

- Teacher is setting homework as per the next slide.
- The subject teacher should be teaching pupils the different revision techniques that pupils can use that both work best for that subject and for that pupil.

Mon 20/02	Tue 21/02	Wed 22/02	Thu 23/02	Fri 24/02	Sat 25/02	Sun 26/02
11A1/Ph Physics Mr D. Godfrey	11B/Hi1 History Mr J. Foreman	11D/So1 Sociology Mrs A. Brown		11B/Fd1 Food Mrs J. Firmin		11B/Ng1 Engineering Mr A. Hirst
11C/Gg1 Geography Mr P. Shepherd	11C/Hi1 History Miss J. Forbes	11A1/Ma Mathematics Miss R. Kaur		11BP2/Cb Science Mr K. Ali		11C/Dt1 DT Mr A. Hirst
11C/Ph1 Physics Mr D. Godfrey	11A/Hi1 History Miss J. Forbes	11A/Hi1 Psychology Miss J. Forbes		11B1/Bi Biology Mr S. Cox		
11BP2/Cb Science Mr K. Ali	11B/Hi1 History Mr J. Foreman	11A/Sp1 Spanish Mr J. Cancelo Gnavi		11B1/Ch Chemistry Miss C. Coulson		
11B/Gg1 Geography Mr P. Shepherd	11B/Hi1 History Mr J. Foreman	11B/Sp1 Spanish Mr J. Cancelo Gnavi		11BP1/Cb Science Mr K. Ali		
11B1/Bi	11B1/EI					



## Study Support Sessions

<b>Study Support Sessions - Term 3</b>	Each week, subjects will be putting on additional sessions before and after school to support students with their revision and/or non-examined assessments.
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## Revision Guidance and Support

<b>Revision guidance</b>	A handy guide to support you with revision in all subjects.
<b>Revision Planning Template</b>	A template that you can print to plan your revision each week.
<b>Will vs Skill Matrix</b>	A PDF version of the Will vs Skill matrix to highlight your strengths and weaknesses for each subject.
<b>Introduction to Core Subjects</b>	Year 11 Assembly Powerpoint that covers the key areas pupils will study over the course of Year 11.

## Subject Specific Revision Guidance

Please find revision resource pages for each GCSE subject here:

- **Art**
- **Biology**
- **Chemistry**

- Core subjects.
- Subjects
- CTS website has all the specific revision guidance, weblinks, past papers for each of the option choice subjects that pupils do.
- [Year 11 Examinations & Revision](#)

Questions





# English

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## English Language Paper 1

80 marks

50% of Language GCSE

1 hour 45 mins

### Part A: Reading

40 marks

25% of Language GCSE

**Q1: List four things. AO1**

You need to be able to retrieve information.

- 4 marks
- 5 minutes

**Q2: How the writer uses language for effect. AO2**

You need to be able to analyse language and select examples to support your comments.

- 8 marks
- 10 minutes

**Q3: How the writer uses structure for effect. AO2**

You need to be able to analyse structure and select examples to support your comments.

- 8 marks
- 10 minutes

**Q4: To what extent do you agree? AO4**

You need to be able to evaluate texts critically and select evidence to support your comments.

- 20 marks
- 20 minutes

### Part B: Writing

40 marks

25% of Lang GCSE

**Q5: Descriptive/narrative writing. AO5/AO6**

You will need to examine a source and/ or consider a prompt in order to create a piece of original descriptive or narrative writing.

- 40 marks
- 45 minutes
  - 5 minute plan
  - 35 minute write
  - 5 minute check

## English Language Paper 2

80 marks

50% of Language GCSE

1 hour 45 mins

### Part A: Reading

40 marks

25% of Language GCSE

**Q1: True/ False statements. AO1**

You need to be able to retrieve information.

- 4 marks
- 5 minutes

**Q2: Write a summary of information from reading. AO1**

You need to be able to retrieve and interpret information.

- 8 marks
- 8 minutes

**Q3: How the writer uses language for effect. AO2**

You need to be able to analyse language and select examples to support your comments.

- 12 marks
- 12 minutes

**Q4: How the writers present ideas. AO3**

You need to be able to compare ideas and perspectives across two or more texts.

- 20 marks
- 20 minutes
  - 5 minute plan
  - 15 minute write

### Part B: Writing

40 marks

25% of Lang GCSE

**Q5: Descriptive/narrative writing. AO5/AO6**

You will produce a piece for a specific audience, purpose and form, giving your own perspective on a theme introduced in Part A.

- 40 marks
- 45 minutes
  - 5 minute plan
  - 35 minute write
  - 5 minute check

**Section A: Shakespeare** 34 marks 50 minutes + 5 mins SPaG check

You will answer one essay question on *Romeo and Juliet*:

1. First you will need to write about a given **extract from the play**. You must focus on a detailed analysis of Shakespeare's choice of language and the techniques he uses. You **must** use **quotations** to support your response. Try to make links to the **wider context** in your response.
2. Secondly, you will need to refer to **the wider play as a whole**. You must **select key moments** and **analyse them in detail**.

You will be assessed for **spelling, punctuation and grammar** in this section only.

*You may be asked to write about: character, theme, imagery, language and/or structure, so will need to have knowledge and understanding of them all.*

AO1234

**Section B: 19<sup>th</sup> Century novel**

30 marks

50 mins

You will answer one essay question on *A Christmas Carol* **OR** *Jekyll and Hyde* depending on what your class have studied

- You will be required to write in detail about a given **extract from the novel**.
- You must focus on a detailed **analysis of the language and techniques** that Dickens uses.
- You will also need to make sure you link your points and analysis to the **wider context** of the novel.

*You may be asked to write about: character, theme, imagery, language and/or structure, so will need to have knowledge and understanding of them all.*

AO123

**You will not be able to take your copies of Literature texts in to the exam - you will be given an extract. You must use quotations to support your response.**

**Section A: Modern Text****34 marks****45 mins****+ 5 mins SPaG check**

You will answer one essay question on **An Inspector Calls:**

1. You will be given a choice of two questions, but you must **only choose one**.
2. You will then need to write about a given **extract from the play**. You must focus on a detailed analysis of Priestley's choice of language and the techniques he uses. You **must** use **quotations** to support your response. Try to make links to the **wider context** in your response.
3. Then, you will need to refer to **the wider play as a whole**. You must **select key moments** and **analyse them in detail**.

You will be assessed for **spelling, punctuation and grammar** in this section only.

*You may be asked to write about: character, theme, imagery, language and/or structure, so will need to have knowledge and understanding of them all.*

AO1 234

**Section B: Poetry Anthology****30 marks****45 mins**

You will answer one essay question about the **Power and Conflict poems:**

- You will be required to write in detail about a **named poem** from the Power and Conflict poems, and then **compare this with another poem from the Power and Conflict cluster**
- You must focus on a detailed **analysis of the language and techniques** that the poet uses.
- You will also need to make sure you link your points and analysis to the **wider context** of the poems.

*You will be expected to be able to write about: subjects, themes, imagery, language and structure where relevant in relation to the question and poem.*

*You will need to be able to make links and connections between poems in the cluster, having confidence to discuss similarities and differences in how they convey ideas about power and conflict.*

**AO123**

**Section B: Unseen Poetry****32 marks****30 mins – Q1****10 mins – Q2**

You will answer one question on one unseen poem and one question comparing that to another unseen poem:

- You will be required to write about the **first poem only** for the first question.
- For the second question, you will need to **compare the two** poems you have been given.

*You will need to carefully consider what the question is asking to guide your analysis, then refer to aspects of subject, themes, imagery, language and structure to answer the questions.*

*You should read the poems at least twice through in order to check your best understanding.*

**AO12**



# English - How to revise

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## English Language:

- Use the Paper 1 and Paper 2 revision booklets given to you by your teachers they have model exam papers and answers you can work through for every question on your exams!
- Look back to your mocks- which were your trickiest questions and do some of those
- Read newspapers and magazine articles online or in print format
- Mr Bruff is excellent for all Language papers- he does revision videos on all of them that are short and easy to listen to Mr Bruff Language Paper revision

## English Literature:

- Start by revising each text, and annotating your book including notes from lecture and lessons
- Mr Bruff is excellent for all Literature texts- he does revision videos on all of them that are short and easy to listen to [Mr Bruff Literature Revision](#)
- Characters and theme mind maps
- Create comparisons of the poems
- Create quotation cards where you have exploded quotations
- Practise writing some intros or analytical paragraphs
- Practise doing some plans on a range of questions/themes

Revise with a buddy!



# How to revise- intros

Starting with this extract, explain **how** Dickens presents the redemption of Scrooge.

*Who* wrote it?

*When* did they write it?

*WHY* did they write it?

Your simple answer to the question. This is your **THESIS** statement or your **BIG IDEA**.

- 1) Dickens wrote A Christmas Carol
- 2) He uses the **redemption** of Scrooge's character to challenge the negative viewpoints of rich industrialists of the Victorian era.
- 3) It can be seen in this extract that the impact of the ghosts on Scrooge, show readers the rich need **to change** their attitudes and become **transformed** into better, socially minded individuals.
- 4) Therefore, Scrooge's **redemption** at the end of the novel, shows the Victorian reader that even the hardest hearted industrialist can be redeemed in the eyes of heaven.

# Key aspect to revise for both GCSEs: What How Why

Any time you write out a point in your essay use:

**WHAT HOW WHY to structure your paragraph**

You get more marks for what you say AFTER the quotation.

AQA have advised teachers to tell you to use WHW as it helps you write in better quality

Analyse the impact of a writer's methods: WHAT? HOW? WHY?

## I- MY MODEL: Where is the WHAT? HOW? WHY?

Up to here is just comment or statement

Here, it starts to ANALYSE and pick apart word choice and impact

Here we are moving into inference as well with the blue font.

Ends with more analysis on the connotations of an alternative on an oyster's qualities

The simile, 'as solitary as an oyster' suggests Scrooge is single and alone.

The adjective 'solitary' implies he is introverted and unsociable. Which, if readers hadn't been shown how mean he was, might feel sorry for him.

Furthermore, it evokes the sense he is quite closed as a person since oysters are tough to crack. However, Dickens hints at a positive hidden depth to Scrooge as readers may connote that an 'oyster' often contains a valuable pearl, symbolising Scrooge has a hidden worth we are yet to experience, which is a more balanced view of him.

HOW? Simile-method WHAT? Scrooge as single and alone

HOW? Adjective+ quotation = 'solitary' and analysis /impact on reader

HOW? WHAT? and WHY? Analysing connotations of oyster from a different angle.



# How to revise -plans

## Planning essays – examiner advice to students



**Read** the question carefully and clearly identify what the STEER is and possible SYNONYMS for that steer.

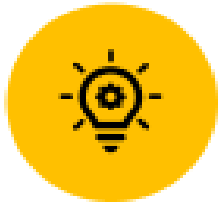
Think carefully about what you think the writer is showing you about this aspect of the text.



**Answer the question on the paper.**

Not a question you want to answer or have done in class / mocks.

Make sure you've read the question accurately and keep referring points back to it.



**Take time to plan** and construct your answer carefully and coherently.

Starting with a thesis, in which you establish the broad argument of your answer or interpretation of the text sets you up to answer the question effectively.

**TALK ABOUT EFFECTS AND WHERE THINGS ARE IN THE TEXT!**



**Select arguments first**

THEN details from the texts which support your arguments- these may be quotations, but they can also be references to details of the text.



From the A level Literature exam report: **'students tended to do well when they...spent appropriate time reading and planning'**

# When to revise

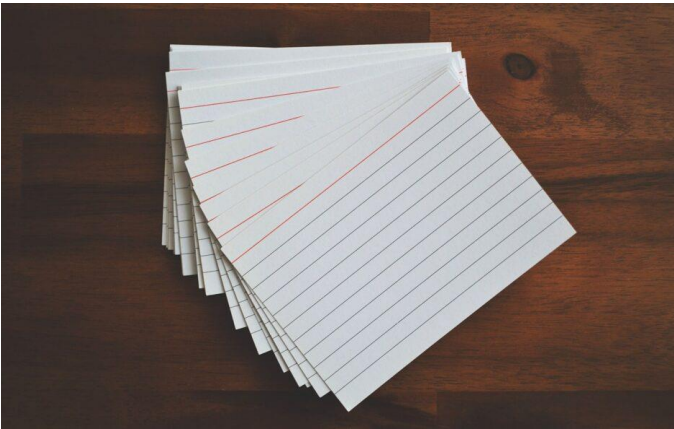
Work out what you are less confident on and start there:

- Poetry Anthology
- Romeo and Juliet
- English Language Q4 and 5 both papers

On your revision schedule plan in half an hour twice a week

If you are revising based on what you are doing in class, we would recommend spacing your learning for retrieval practice- leave it a couple of days and test yourself on what you did in class through:

- Mind map
- Flashcards
- Redo the same question
- Plan for an essay and compare them



# How to test your learning

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Seneca Learning

Completing a past paper/question – bring it in to be marked!  
(these are available at in the booklet you have been given and in the English office )

Self quizzing using quotation flashcards

An abstract graphic on the left side of the slide. It features a stylized globe with a network of thin, grey lines connecting various colored dots (red, orange, yellow, green, blue, purple, and black) scattered across its surface. The globe is partially obscured by a white, torn-paper-like edge.

# Homework

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One homework will be set by your teacher and will vary depending on what your teacher thinks you need:

- English Language– something for you to do in preparation for the lesson or completing a question
- English Literature– quotation and annotation / plan / part of an essay
- Quizzes on Satchel One for retrieval practice
- Massolit videos on the literature texts

# Maths

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$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \ln f_{a, \sigma^2}(\xi_1) &= \frac{(\xi_1 - a)}{\sigma^2} f_{a, \sigma^2}(\xi_1) \\ \int T(x) \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} f(x, \theta) dx &= M \left( T(\xi) \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \ln L(\theta) \right) \\ \int T(x) \cdot \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \ln L(x, \theta) \right) \cdot f(x, \theta) dx &= \int_{R_n} T(x) \cdot \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \ln L(x, \theta) \right) \cdot f(x, \theta) dx \end{aligned}$$

# Structure of the examinations



## Paper 1



## Paper 2



## Paper 3

All papers are **structured** in the same way:

- 80 marks per paper
- 90 minutes to complete
- No formula sheet
- Each paper can assess any topic on the curriculum

This year students will be given a formula sheet.  
Students used this in their latest set of mock examinations.



There are **three** types of questions:

**AO1:** Use and apply standard techniques

**AO2:** Reason, interpret and communicate mathematically

**AO3:** Solve problems within mathematics and other contexts



# How to revise

<https://www.mathsgenie.co.uk/>

## GCSE Revision

Video tutorials, practice exam style questions and answers.

## Edexcel GCSE Papers

Edexcel GCSE past papers with model solutions and video explanations.

## Grade 5

Videos	Exam Questions	Exam Questions Booklet	Solutions
<a href="#">Writing a Ratio as a Fraction or Linear Function</a>	<a href="#">Exam Questions</a>	<a href="#">Ratio Fraction Problems</a>	<a href="#">Solutions</a>
<a href="#">Direct and Inverse Proportion</a>	<a href="#">Exam Questions</a>	<a href="#">Ratio Problems 2</a>	<a href="#">Solutions</a>
<a href="#">Reverse Percentages</a>	<a href="#">Exam Questions</a>	<a href="#">Direct and Inverse Proportion</a>	<a href="#">Solutions</a>
<a href="#">Standard Form</a>	<a href="#">Exam Questions</a>	<a href="#">Reverse Percentages</a>	<a href="#">Solutions</a>
<a href="#">Speed and Density</a>	<a href="#">Exam Questions</a>	<a href="#">Standard Form</a>	<a href="#">Solutions</a>
<a href="#">Changing the Subject of a Formula</a>	<a href="#">Exam Questions</a>	<a href="#">Compound Measures</a>	<a href="#">Solutions</a>
<a href="#">Expanding and Factorising Quadratics</a>	<a href="#">Exam Questions</a>	<a href="#">Changing the Subject of a Formula</a>	<a href="#">Solutions</a>
	<a href="#">Exam Questions</a>	<a href="#">Expanding and Factorising Quadratics</a>	<a href="#">Solutions</a>

## Video tutorials

Converting between standard form and ordinary numbers

Watch on YouTube

Adding numbers in standard form

Method 1: convert to ordinary numbers

$(3.4 \times 10^6) + (5 \times 10^5)$   
 $3400000 + 500000 = 3900000$   
 $3.9 \times 10^6$

Watch on YouTube

Multiplying and dividing numbers in standard form

$(5 \times 10^6) \times (7 \times 10^2)$

Watch on YouTube

## Exam Questions – in an easy to print version

mathsgenie.co.uk	Please do not write on this sheet	mathsgenie.co.uk
1 (a) Write $1.2 \times 10^5$ as an ordinary number. (1) (b) Write 0.003 in standard form. (1)		7 Work out $(8.69 \times 10^{-5}) \div (5.5 \times 10^{-7})$ Give your answer in standard form. (2 marks)
2 (a) Write 42 900 000 in standard form. (1) (b) Write $3.61 \times 10^3$ as an ordinary number. (1)		8 (a) Write 0.00931 in standard form. (1) (b) Write $7.429 \times 10^3$ as an ordinary number. (1)
3 (a) Write $9.516 \times 10^6$ as an ordinary number. (1) (b) Write 0.0724 in standard form. (1) (c) Calculate $(8.694 \times 10^2) \div (6.21 \times 10^{-3})$ Give your answer in standard form. (2)		9 (a) Write $5.2 \times 10^{-1}$ as an ordinary number. (1) (b) Work out the value of $(3.2 \times 10^3) \times (6.5 \times 10^4)$ Give your answer in standard form. (2)
4 (a) Write $5.12 \times 10^{-4}$ as an ordinary number. (1) (b) Write 5 600 000 in standard form. (1)		10 Write $0.21 \times 10^6$ in standard form. (1 mark)
5 (a) Write 0.0065 in standard form. (1) (b) Write $3 \times 10^4$ as an ordinary number. (1)		11 Work out $(6.7 \times 10^4) \times (3.4 \times 10^3)$ Give your answer as an ordinary number. (2 marks)
6 (a) Write $3.08 \times 10^{-5}$ as an ordinary number. (1) (b) Write 5 million in standard form. (1) (c) Calculate $(6.3 \times 10^3) \times (2.5 \times 10^{-2})$ Give your answer in standard form. (2)		12 Work out $\frac{0.03 \times 0.02}{0.008}$ Give your answer in standard form. (3 marks)
		13 Work out $\frac{3.744 \times 10^9}{2.4 \times 10^5}$ Give your answer in standard form. (2 marks)

## Mark Scheme (Solutions)

1 (a) Write $1.2 \times 10^5$ as an ordinary number.	120 000 (1)
(b) Write 0.003 in standard form.	$3 \times 10^{-3}$ (1)
(Total for Question 1 is 2 marks)	
2 (a) Write 42 900 000 in standard form.	$4.29 \times 10^7$ (1)
(b) Write $3.61 \times 10^3$ as an ordinary number.	3 610 (1)
(Total for Question 2 is 2 marks)	
3 (a) Write $9.516 \times 10^6$ as an ordinary number.	9 516 000 (1)
(b) Write 0.0724 in standard form.	$7.24 \times 10^{-2}$ (1)



# How to revise

<https://www.mathsgenie.co.uk/>

## GCSE Revision

Video tutorials, practice exam style questions and answers.

## Edexcel GCSE Papers

Edexcel GCSE past papers with model solutions and video explanations.

Easy to use mark scheme  
(official one available too)

Answer ALL questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

You must write down all the stages in your working.

1 Write the following numbers in order of size.  
Start with the smallest number.

0.32      0.4      0.35      0.309

*0.309, 0.32, 0.35, 0.4*

(Total for Question 1 is 1 mark)

2 Here is a list of numbers.

5      11      18      22      29

From the list, write down a multiple of 3

*18*

(Total for Question 2 is 1 mark)

Paper: 1MA1/1F			
Question	Answer	Mark	Mark scheme
1	0.309, 0.32, 0.35, 0.4	B1	for 0.309, 0.32, 0.35, 0.4
2	18	B1	cao

## Foundation GCSE Exam Papers

Paper	Answers
<a href="#">2020 Paper 1</a>	<a href="#">MS</a> <a href="#">Ans</a> <a href="#">▶</a>
<a href="#">2020 Paper 2</a>	<a href="#">MS</a> <a href="#">Ans</a> <a href="#">▶</a>
<a href="#">2020 Paper 3</a>	<a href="#">MS</a> <a href="#">Ans</a> <a href="#">▶</a>
<a href="#">November 2019 Paper 1</a>	<a href="#">MS</a> <a href="#">Ans</a> <a href="#">▶</a>
<a href="#">November 2019 Paper 2</a>	<a href="#">MS</a> <a href="#">Ans</a> <a href="#">▶</a>
<a href="#">November 2019 Paper 3</a>	<a href="#">MS</a> <a href="#">Ans</a> <a href="#">▶</a>
<a href="#">June 2019 Paper 1</a>	<a href="#">MS</a> <a href="#">Ans</a> <a href="#">▶</a>
<a href="#">June 2019 Paper 2</a>	<a href="#">MS</a> <a href="#">Ans</a> <a href="#">▶</a>
<a href="#">June 2019 Paper 3</a>	<a href="#">MS</a> <a href="#">Ans</a> <a href="#">▶</a>

Access to Higher and Foundation GCSE Papers

A video of an expert going through the whole paper

Edexcel GCSE  
2020 Paper 1  
Foundation Tier

Watch on

# Closing the Gap

	Compare decimal numbers	Multiple of a number	Round decimal numbers	Convert fractions to decimals	Read and write positive integers	Probability of single events on a probability scale	Probability of single events on a probability scale	Pictograms	Read coordinates in the first quadrant	Read coordinates of a point on the y axis	Plot coordinates on a grid	Write ratios as fractions	Write ratios in the form 1:n or n:1	Fractions (worded problems)	Reflect a shape in a vertical line	Number machines (find output)	Number machines (find input)	Scale diagrams with bearings	Scale diagrams with bearings	Two-way tables	Proportion problem solving	Median from frequency tables	Mean from frequency tables	Decrease a quantity by a fraction and a percentage	Estimate complex calculations	Expand a single bracket	Factorise simple expressions	Solve 2-step equations (involving multiplication)	Linear sequences (nth term)	Multiplying mixed numbers	Recognise quadratic, cubic and reciprocal graphs	Congruent triangles	Percentage profit	Multi-step angle problems	Interpret stem-and-leaf diagrams	Pressure, volume of a prism	Compare numbers in standard form	Harder problems involving ratios	Object of the formula	Indices with algebraic expressions	
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	2	4	2	1	2	0	1	3	0	1	1	5	3	1	1	2	2	1	2	0	0	2	0	3	2				
2	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	4	2	1	0	1	1	3	1	1	1	4	3	1	1	2	2	3	0	1	3	2	0	3	0				
3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	0	1	1	1	4	2	1	1	1	0	3	1	1	1	2	3	1	1	2	2	1	2	1	2	2	0	3	1	0			
4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	0	4	2	1	2	0	1	3	3	0	1	2	3	1	1	2	2	3	2	0	3	1	2	1	0				
5	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	4	2	1	2	1	1	3	3	1	1	5	2	1	1	2	2	1	0	1	3	5	0	0	2				
6a	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	4	2	1	2	1	3	3	3	0	1	5	3	1	1	2	2	3	2	1	2	5	3	3	2				
6b	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	2	4	2	1	0	1	3	3	3	1	1	5	2	1	0	2	2	2	2	1	1	3	1	3	2				
7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	4	2	1	2	0	0	3	1	0	1	5	1	1	1	2	2	3	1	1	3	5	0	3	2				
8a	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	2	4	2	1	2	1	2	3	3	1	0	4	3	1	1	2	2	0	1	1	3	4	0	3	2				
8b	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	2	4	2	1	2	0	3	3	1	1	1	5	3	1	1	2	2	3	0	0	3	2	0	3	2				
8c	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	4	2	1	2	0	2	3	3	1	1	5	2	1	1	2	2	3	2	0	0	2	1	0	2				
9a	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	4	2	1	2	0	2	3	1	1	1	2	3	1	1	2	2	1	1	0	3	4	1	1	0				
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10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	4	2	1	2	1	0	3	3	0	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	0	0	1	2	0	2	3	1				
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13a	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	4	2	1	2	0	0	1	3	1	1	1	5	1	1	2	1	0	0	1	2	0	2	3	1				
13b	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	4	2	1	2	0	0	3	0	1	1	5	2	1	1	2	1	0	0	1	3	2	2	3	2				
14	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	4	2	1	2	0	0	1	3	1	1	1	5	1	1	2	1	0	0	1	2	0	2	3	1				
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16b	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	4	2	1	2	0	3	3	1	1	1	5	3	1	1	2	2	3	0	0	3	2	0	3	2				
17	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	2	4	2	1	2	0	2	3	3	1	1	5	2	1	1	2	2	3	2	0	0	2	1	0	2				
18	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	4	2	1	2	0	2	3	1	1	1	2	3	1	1	2	2	1	1	0	3	4	1	1	0				
19a	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	4	2	1	2	1	1	3	2	0	1	5	3	1	1	2	2	3	0	0	3	4	2	1	2				
19b	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	4	2	1	2	1	1	3	2	0	1	5	3	1	1	2	2	3	0	0	3	4	2	1	2				
19c	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	4	2	1	2	1	1	3	2	0	1	5	3	1	1	2	2	3	0	0	3	4	2	1	2				
20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	2	4	2	1	2	0	2	3	3	0	1	2	1	1	2	1	0	0	1	2	0	2	3	1					
21	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	2	4	2	1	2	0	2	3	3	0	1	2	1	1	2	1	0	0	1	2	0	2	3	1					
22	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	0	4	2	1	2	0	0	3	0	1	1	5	2	1	1	2	0	3	0	0	3	2	0	0	2				
23	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	4	2	1	2	0	0	1	3	1	1	5	1	1	1	2	2	1	0	1	3	2	2	3	2				
24	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	4	2	1	2	0	0	1	3	1	1	5	1	1	1	2	2	1	0	1	3	2	2	3	2				

Questions	Question Title	Score	Count
1	Compare decimal numbers	1 / 1	1
2	Multiple of a number	1 / 1	1
3	Round decimal numbers	1 / 1	1
4	Convert fractions to decimals	1 / 1	1
5	Read and write positive integers	1 / 1	1
6a	Probability of single events on a probability scale	1 / 1	1
6b	Probability of single events on a probability scale	1 / 1	1
7	Pictograms	4 / 4	4
8a	Read coordinates in the first quadrant	1 / 1	1
8b	Read coordinates of a point on the y axis	1 / 1	1
8c	Plot coordinates on a grid	1 / 1	1
9a	Write ratios as fractions	1 / 1	1
9b	Write ratios in the form 1:n or n:1	2 / 2	2
10	Fractions (worded problems)	4 / 4	4
11	Reflect a shape in a vertical line	2 / 2	2
12a	Number machines (find output)	1 / 1	1
12b	Number machines (find input)	2 / 2	2
13a	Scale diagrams with bearings	0 / 1	1
13b	Scale diagrams with bearings	1 / 3	3
14	Two-way tables	3 / 3	3
15	Proportion problem solving	0 / 3	3
16a	Median from frequency tables	1 / 1	1
16b	Mean from frequency tables	1 / 1	1
17	Decrease a quantity by a fraction and a percentage	5 / 5	5
18	Estimate complex calculations	3 / 3	3
19a	Expand a single bracket	1 / 1	1
19b	Factorise simple expressions	1 / 1	1
19c	Solve 2-step equations (involving multiplication)	2 / 2	2
20	Linear sequences (nth term)	2 / 2	2
21	Multiplying mixed numbers	1 / 3	3
22	Recognise quadratic, cubic and reciprocal graphs	2 / 2	2
23	Congruent triangles	0 / 1	1
24	Percentage profit	0 / 3	3
25	Multi-step angle problems	2 / 5	5
26	Interpret stem and leaf diagrams	0 / 3	3
27	Pressure, volume of a prism	3 / 3	3
28	Compare numbers in standard form	2 / 2	2
29	Harder problems involving ratios	3 / 3	3
30a	Change the subject of the formula	2 / 2	2
30b	Indices with algebraic expressions	0 / 1	1
	Total	61 / 80	80

# Upcoming Mock Exams

## Paper 2

### Number

- Ordering numbers
- Odd and Even Numbers
- Four operations
- Time
- Fractions of an amount
- Ordering fractions

### Algebra

- Substitution into formula
- Collecting like terms
- Solving equations
- Writing expressions
- Sequences (Nth term)
- Drawing quadratic graphs

### Geometry & Measures

- Length conversion
- Measuring lengths and angles
- Plans and elevations
- Area of compound shapes
- Sector Area and Arc Lengths
- SOH CAH TOA (Trigonometry)

### Statistics

- Bar Charts
- Stem and Leaf Diagram
- Estimate of the mean
- Scatter Graphs

### Ratio & Proportion

- Percentage to fraction
- Percentages of an amount
- Best buy
- Direct proportion
- Compound Interest and Depreciation

## Paper 3

### Number

- Fractions, Decimals and Percentages
- Place value
- Rounding
- Multiples
- Fractions of an amount
- Using a calculator
- Standard Form

### Algebra

- Sequences (Nth Term)
- Changing the subject of a Formula

### Geometry & Measures

- Coordinates
- Volume of a prism
- Angles in quadrilaterals
- Angles
- Rotations
- Cylinders
- Similar Shapes (Lengths)
- **Volume Conversion**
- Vectors

### Statistics

- **Interpreting line graphs**
- Averages
- Pie Charts
- **Combined Mean**

### Probability

- Probability Trees

### Ratio & Proportion

- Ratio
- Conversions and units
- Proportion
- Real Life and Distance Time Graphs
- Proportion Ingredients Questions
- Sharing Ratio
- Two Way Tables

# Upcoming Mock Exams

## Paper 2

Number
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Recurring decimals to fractions</li> <li>Bounds</li> </ul>
Algebra
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Sequences (Nth term)</li> <li>Solving equations</li> <li>Drawing Quadratic graphs</li> <li>Parallel and Perpendicular Lines</li> <li>Solving quadratics</li> <li>Inverse &amp; Composite Functions</li> <li>Velocity Time Graphs</li> <li>Perpendicular lines and the equation of a tangent</li> </ul>
Geometry & Measures
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Plans &amp; Elevations</li> <li>Area of compound shapes</li> <li>Sector Arc and Arc Lengths</li> <li>SOH CAH TOA (Trigonometry)</li> <li>Pythagoras</li> <li>Inequalities on graphs</li> <li>Similar shapes (Lengths)</li> <li>Volume of a prism</li> <li>Finding the area of any triangle</li> <li>3D Pythagoras and Trigonometry</li> </ul>
Statistics
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Scatter Graphs</li> <li>Cumulative Frequency</li> <li>Box Plots</li> </ul>
Ratio & Proportion
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Compound Interest and Depreciation</li> <li>Percentage Change</li> <li>Reverse percentages</li> <li>Iteration</li> <li>Capture Recapture</li> </ul>

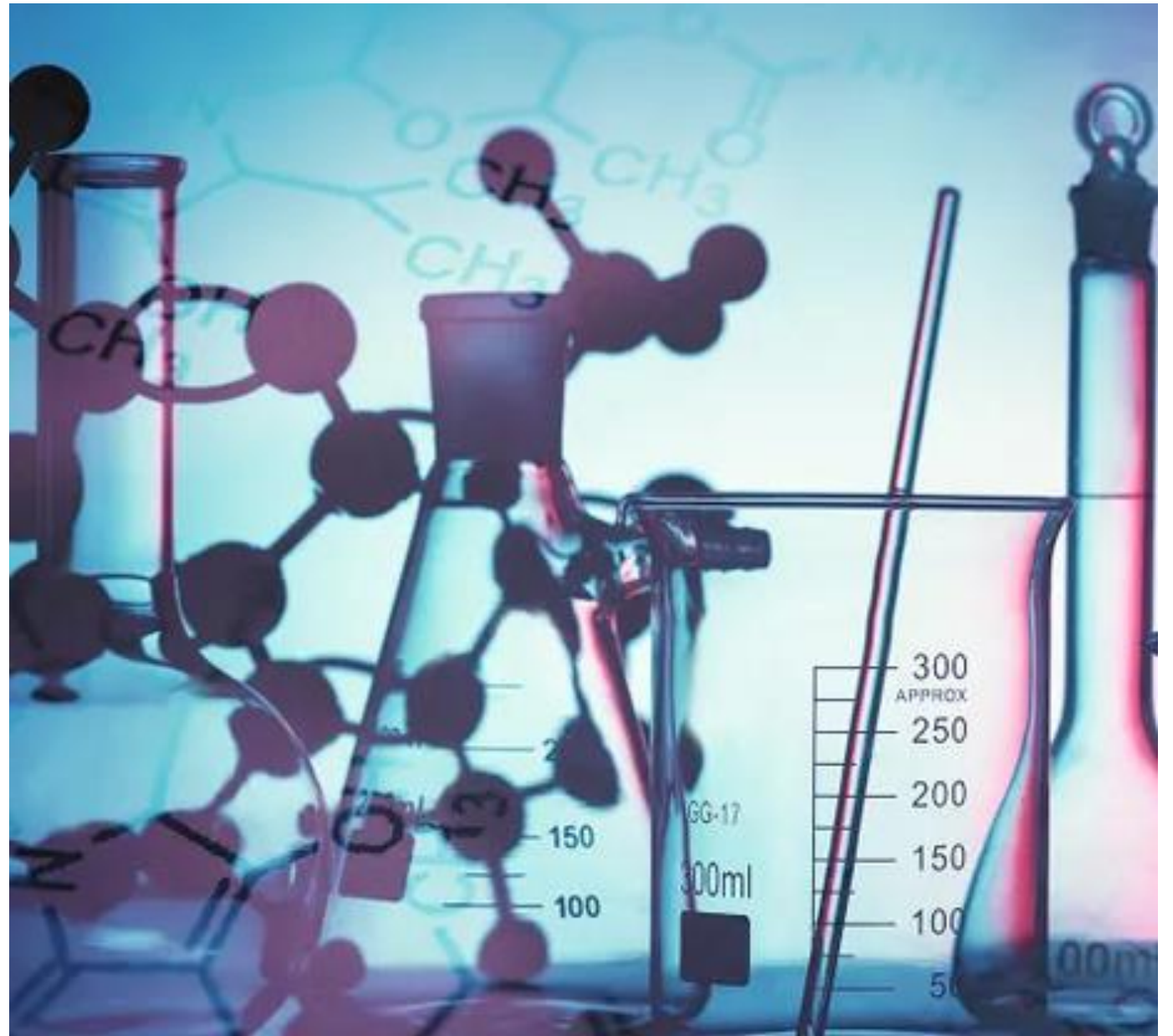
## Paper 3

Number
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Standard Form</li> <li>Simplifying Algebra</li> <li>Error Intervals</li> <li>The Product rule for counting</li> </ul>
Algebra
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Changing the subject of a Formula</li> <li>Inequalities</li> <li>Indices</li> <li>Expanding triple brackets</li> <li>Completing the square</li> <li>Algebraic Fractions</li> <li>Transforming Graphs <math>y = f(x)</math></li> </ul>
Geometry & Measures
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Cylinders</li> <li>Similar shapes (Area and Volume)</li> <li>Volume conversion</li> <li>Circle theorems</li> <li>Transformations</li> <li>Congruent triangles</li> <li>Vectors Proof Questions</li> <li>Angles in polygons</li> <li>Finding the area of any triangle</li> <li>The Cosine Rule</li> </ul>
Statistics
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Two Way tables</li> <li>Combined Mean</li> <li>Cumulative Frequency</li> </ul>
Probability
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Probability Trees</li> <li>Expected frequency</li> </ul>
Ratio & Proportion
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Sharing ratio</li> <li>Speed and Density</li> </ul>



# Science

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# How to revise

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- Workbooks, Topic Specific Past Paper Questions & Past Papers
  - Completed alongside the revision guide.
  - A few days later, attempt them without the revision guides
- Flash Cards
  - Used to rehearse key concepts which you struggle with.
  - Allows someone else to support you with your revision, without them needing to know the subject.



# How to revise

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- Seneca
  - Follow up topics taught in lessons
  - Pick clips specific to weaknesses identified in both Paper 1 and Paper 2 Mock examination
  - Practice and build up knowledge
  - (Once the knowledge is secure, students are more confident in answering questions where topics need to be linked together).
- Educake
  - Immediate feedback provided when answering practice questions. These are set for homework each week but you can access questions from every topic at any point.





# How to revise

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Three session per week focusing on:

- A session for Biology
- A session for Chemistry
- A session for Physics



# How to test your learning

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- Use topic specific past exam questions on Physics and Maths Tutor to test the topics
- Edexcel Past papers ( details on the website)
- CGP Workbooks (answers can be found in the library or with myself)
- Follow up with your class teacher to review and correct questions

# Careers & next steps

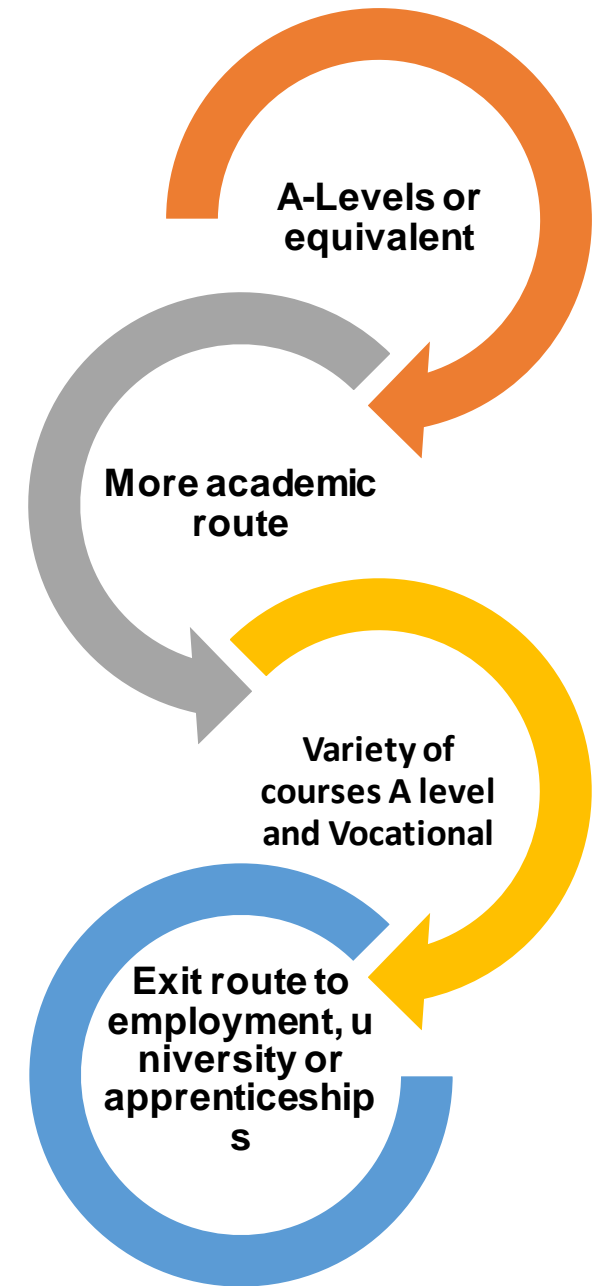
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Mr Rogers



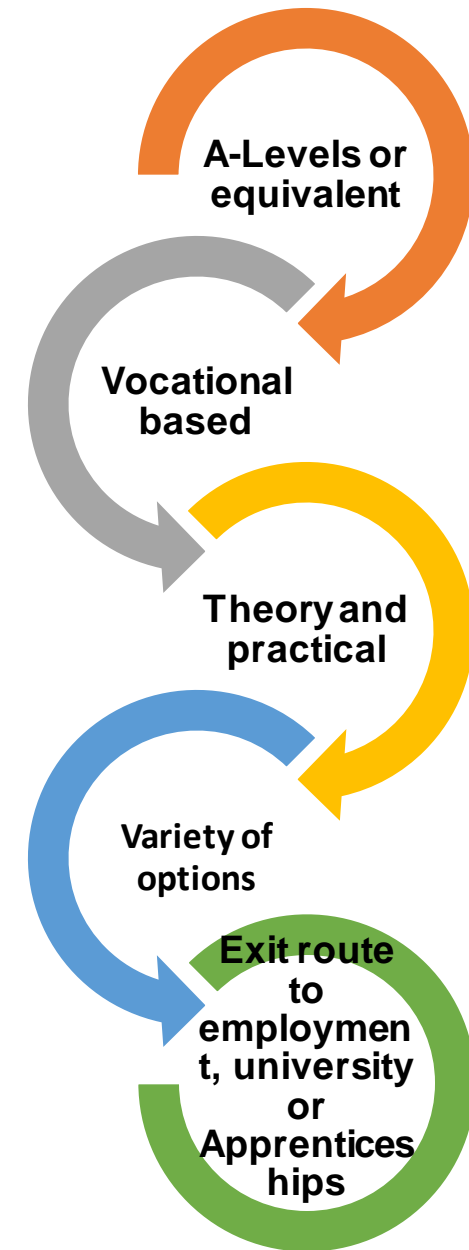
# Sixth form

- A similar structure to what students are used to in school
  - Timetable
  - Lesson structure
  - Procedures
  - Additional opportunities outside of lessons
- Sixth forms offer A level, Technical and Applied General subjects
- Applications are still welcome
  - GCSE predictions are important
  - Choice of 3 subjects
  - Each subject has different entry criteria
- Once sixth form is completed, students can progress onto, Higher or Degree apprenticeships, University or employment.
- Contact Mr Hallas or access our school website for more information.



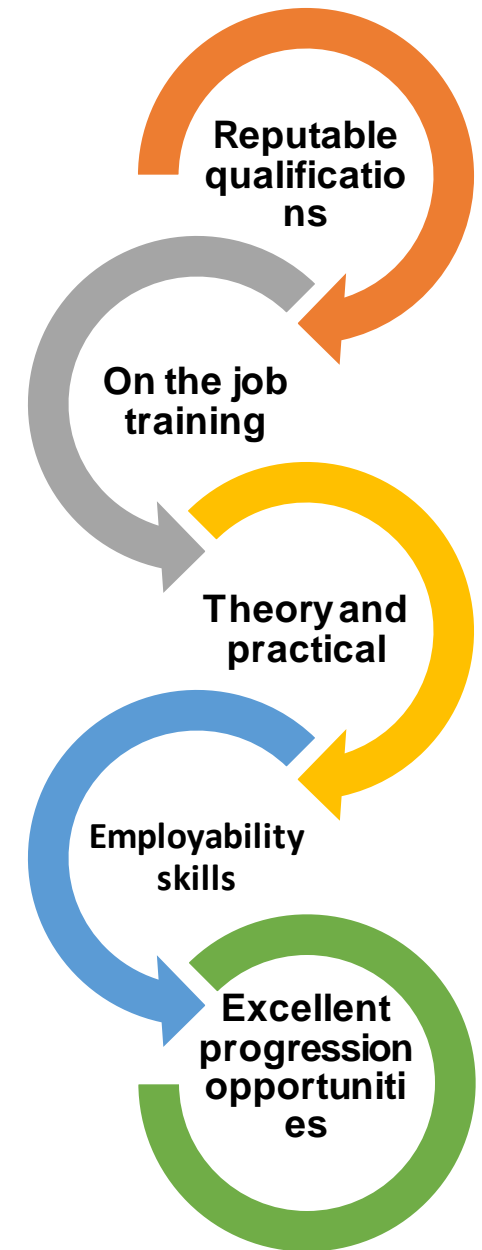
# Further education college

- Different learning environment to what you are used to in school:
  - Timetabling
  - 3-5 days required at college
  - Level 1, Level 2, Level 3 or T-Level courses available
- Wide range of industry, based courses available
- You must apply for Level 2 courses in Industry skilled jobs such as Hairdressing, electrical installation, brickwork etc.
- Some colleges have A level subjects available
- Open days are still ongoing
- Applications still open
  - Level 2 courses require 3 GCSEs grade 9-1
  - Level 3 courses require 4 GCSEs grade 9-4
  - Opportunities to retake English and Math's GCSE at college are available if grade 4 not achieved in the summer



# Apprenticeships

- Different learning environment to what you are used to in school:
  - Job with training
  - 4 days working and 1 day required at college
- Earning salary and paid holiday
- Have hands on experience which can be drawn upon in your future career
- Wide variety of industries that offer apprenticeships
- Applications are open all year round although should look for a September start
  - Open to anyone over the age of 16
  - Different entry requirements depending on the sector and job
  - Level 1, 2 and 3 available for school-leavers
  - Higher and Degree (level 4 – 7) apprenticeships for students with a level 3 qualification



# What to do next?

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- Check your applications and ensure that you have applied for all the courses you wish to be considered for.
- Ensure that you're applying for something you are passionate about.
- It is important that you have a plan B. Have applications in multiple places i.e. sixth form and college to ensure you have a place to study from September meeting any entry requirement.
- Seek advice if you need to.



# Advice and Support

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- The Careers Leader can provide support to both students and parents at this time.
- All year 11 students will have a career meeting with the Careers Leader before the end of Term 4 providing all opportunities available to them to help ensure a smooth transition after results day.
- Any information or advice you need the Careers Leader is happy to support.
- You can contact [careers@corbytechnicalschool.org](mailto:careers@corbytechnicalschool.org)

Questions



A photograph of eight light-colored wooden blocks arranged in a row on a wooden surface. Each block has a lowercase letter printed on it, spelling out 'thank you'. The background is a soft-focus bokeh of warm, golden light circles.

thank you

# Summary

Mrs Reynolds





Thursday 29th June

# Results Day - Thursday 24<sup>th</sup> August 2023

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- A letter will be sent nearer the time.
- Students will have a staggered arrival time.
- All students are handed their results individually.
- Support from staff for next destinations including CTS Sixth form
  - Careers Leader – Mrs Stevens
  - Senior staff
- Careers support continues for the next few weeks until students are settled with their new destination.



# Parent/Carer Survey

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- A link will be sent to you via email
- As the parents/carers of some of our most mature students, you know us well!
- Please take the time to share your feedback with the school

