## Test Yourself Mark Scheme



| $\begin{aligned} & \text { TOPIC } \\ & 5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 1(i) | 9 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { M1 } \\ & \text { A1 } \end{aligned}$ | for $3^{2} \mathrm{oe}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1(ii) | 8 (condone -8 or $\pm 8$ ) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { M1 } \\ & \text { A1 } \end{aligned}$ | for $16^{0.25}=2$ |
|  | 2(i) | $4 \mathrm{x}^{4} \mathrm{y}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { M1 } \\ & \text { A1 } \end{aligned}$ | for two elements correct |
|  | 2(ii) | 32 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { M1 } \\ & \text { A1 } \end{aligned}$ | for $2^{5} \mathrm{oe}$ |
|  | 3 | $\frac{4}{27}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { B1 } \\ & \text { B1 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | numerator denominator |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { TOPIC } \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | 1 | Grad of $\mathrm{AB}=-3$ <br> Grad of $B C=\frac{1}{3}$ <br> product of gradients $=-1$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B1 } \\ & \text { B1 } \end{aligned}$ | either gradient <br> product of gradients need to equal -1 |
|  | 2 | $(3,6)$ | B1 |  |
|  | 3 | Coordinates (0,2) (0.5,0) | M1 M1 A1A1 | for $\mathrm{y}=-4 \mathrm{x}+\mathrm{c}$ <br> for $y=-4 x+14$ <br> one mark for each set of coordinates |
|  | 4 | $y=3 x-7$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { A1 } \end{aligned}$ | Gradient $=3$ <br> Subst in $(4,5)$ into their ' $y=m x+c$ ' |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { TOPIC } \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ | 1 | Cubic the correct way up x -axis cuts at $-1,2,4$ shown y -axis cuts at 8 shown | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { G1 } \\ & \text { G1 } \\ & \text { G1 } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | 2 | Sketch of cubic correct way up Curve through ( 0,0 ) <br> Curve touches x -axis at $\mathrm{x}=3$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { G1 } \\ & \text { G1 } \\ & \text { G1 } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | 3 | Correct graph with clear asymptote at $\mathrm{x}=2$ ( $0,-0.5$ ) shown | $\begin{aligned} & \text { G2 } \\ & \text { G1 } \end{aligned}$ | (G1 for only one branch correct0 |
|  | 4 | 10 | B1 |  |
| TOPIC | 1 | $y=x^{2}-8 x+5$ | B1 |  |
|  | 2 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x}-3)=(\mathrm{x}-3)^{3}-5(\mathrm{x}-3)+2 \\ & \left(\mathrm{x}^{2}-6 \mathrm{x}+9\right)(\mathrm{x}-3) \\ & \mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x}-3)=\mathrm{x}^{3}-3 \mathrm{x}^{2}-6 \mathrm{x}^{2}+18 \mathrm{x} \\ & +9 \mathrm{x}-27-5 \mathrm{x}+15+2 \\ & \quad=\mathrm{x}^{3}-9 \mathrm{x}^{2}+22 \mathrm{x}-10 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B1 } \\ & \text { B1 } \\ & \\ & \text { A1 } \\ & \text { B1 } \end{aligned}$ | Substitution <br> Partial expansion of cubic term <br> All correct unsimplified Correct consolidation |
|  | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x}-4)=2(\mathrm{x}-4)^{3}+7(\mathrm{x}-4)^{2}- \\ & 7(\mathrm{x}-4)-12 \\ & 2 \mathrm{x}^{3}-17 \mathrm{x}^{2}+33 \mathrm{x} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { M1 } \end{aligned}$ | Substitution <br> Correct expansion of one pair of brackets correct completion to given answer |
|  | 4 | $\begin{aligned} & (x+1-3)(x-2-3)(x-4-3) \\ & \text { ie } \quad(x-2)(x-5)(x-7) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { A1 } \end{aligned}$ | Allow one slip Oe |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { TOPIC } \\ & 9 \end{aligned}$ | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tan } 42^{\circ}=\frac{\text { opp }}{\text { adj }} \\ & 0.9004=\frac{\text { height of pole }}{15} \\ & 13.5(06) \mathrm{m}=\text { height of pole } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { A1 } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2 | $\pm \frac{\sqrt{13}}{4}$ | B3 | B2 for either $-\frac{\sqrt{13}}{4}$ or $\frac{\sqrt{13}}{4}$ or $\pm \frac{\sqrt{13}}{\sqrt{16}}$ oe or M1 for $\sqrt{13}$ seen |
|  | 3 | $\begin{array}{r} (0,0) \\ (90,1) \\ (270,-1) \\ (360,0) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B1 } \\ & \text { B1 } \\ & \text { B1 } \\ & \text { B1 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { TOPIC } \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ | 1(i) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C}=141.1 \ldots \ldots \\ & \text { Bearing }=038.8 \text { (accept } \\ & 038.9 \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { A1 } \\ & \text { A1 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Correct attempt at cosine rule Correct full method for C C <br> Bearing |
|  | 1(ii) | 3030 to 3050 acceptable | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { M1 } \\ & \text { A1 } \end{aligned}$ | Correct use of 0.5 xaxbxsin C |
|  | 2 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{AB}=7.80(\text { or better, } 7.799 \ldots) \\ & \text { Area }=52.2 \text { to } 52.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { A1 } \\ & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { A1 } \end{aligned}$ | Correct use of sine rule <br> AB $2 \mathrm{x} 0.5 \mathrm{x} \text { 'their } \mathrm{AB}^{\prime} \mathrm{x} 11.4 \mathrm{x} \sin 36$ <br> Area |
|  |  |  |  |  |

